



EU space skills

Skills needed for a vibrant EU space community

Space is an innovative and constantly evolving sector. To ensure European competitiveness, professional skills must be constantly developed, adopted and improved. Through a series of surveys (71 respondents in total) and desk research, STARS*EU has identified the skills required for space R&I (universities, space agencies, RTOs & others) and the industry.

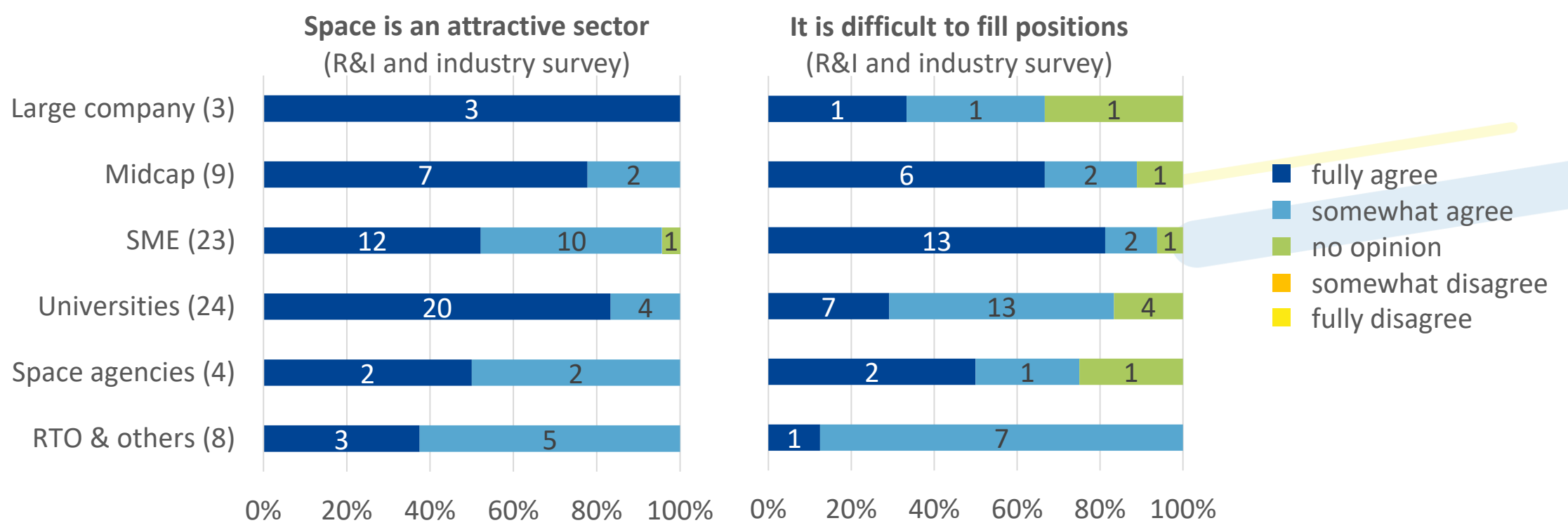
The results of the skill needs analysis show that:

- Space is an **attractive sector**, but **positions are hard to fill**;

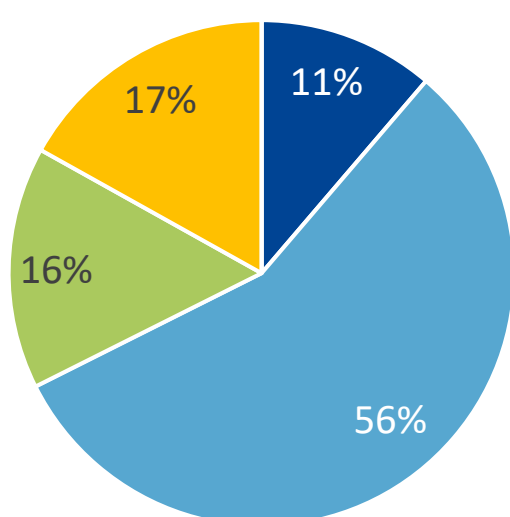
- **The landscape of space curricula is good**, but there is a shortage of technical skills;
- R&I requires a higher academic profile than industry;
- The most sought-after skills are **science, technology** and **engineering**, but **management & support skills** remain important;
- **Soft skills** are as important as technical skills;
- The European space domain is still dominated by men.



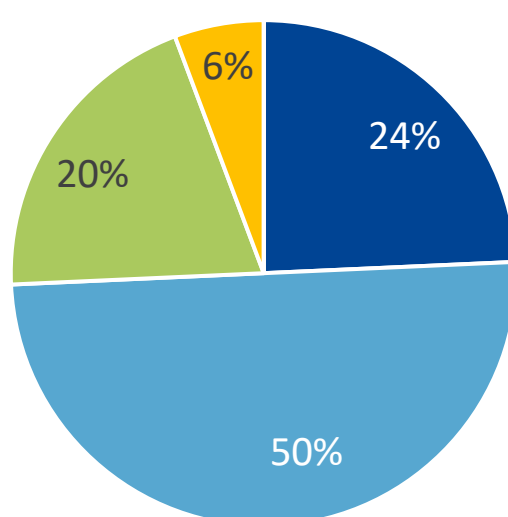
The space community agrees that space is an **attractive domain for young professionals**, both in research and in industry. However, despite the majority of respondents considering the European space curricula landscape as good, it is **difficult to fill positions**. There is a shortage in technical skills and to become operational in the industry, 91% of graduates require additional training.



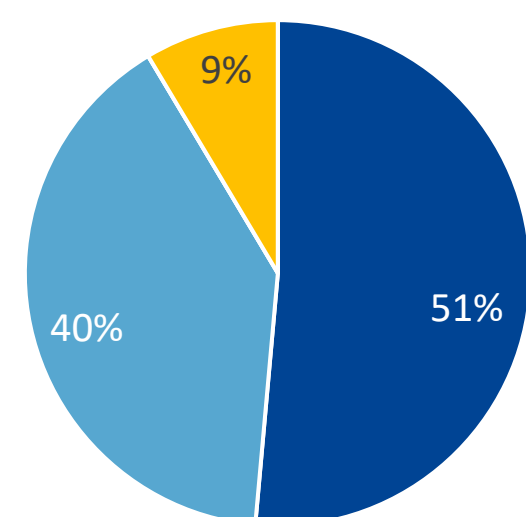
The European landscape of space curricula is good
(R&I & industry survey, total = 71)



There is a shortage of technical skills applicable to space R&I in Europe
(R&I & industry, total = 71)



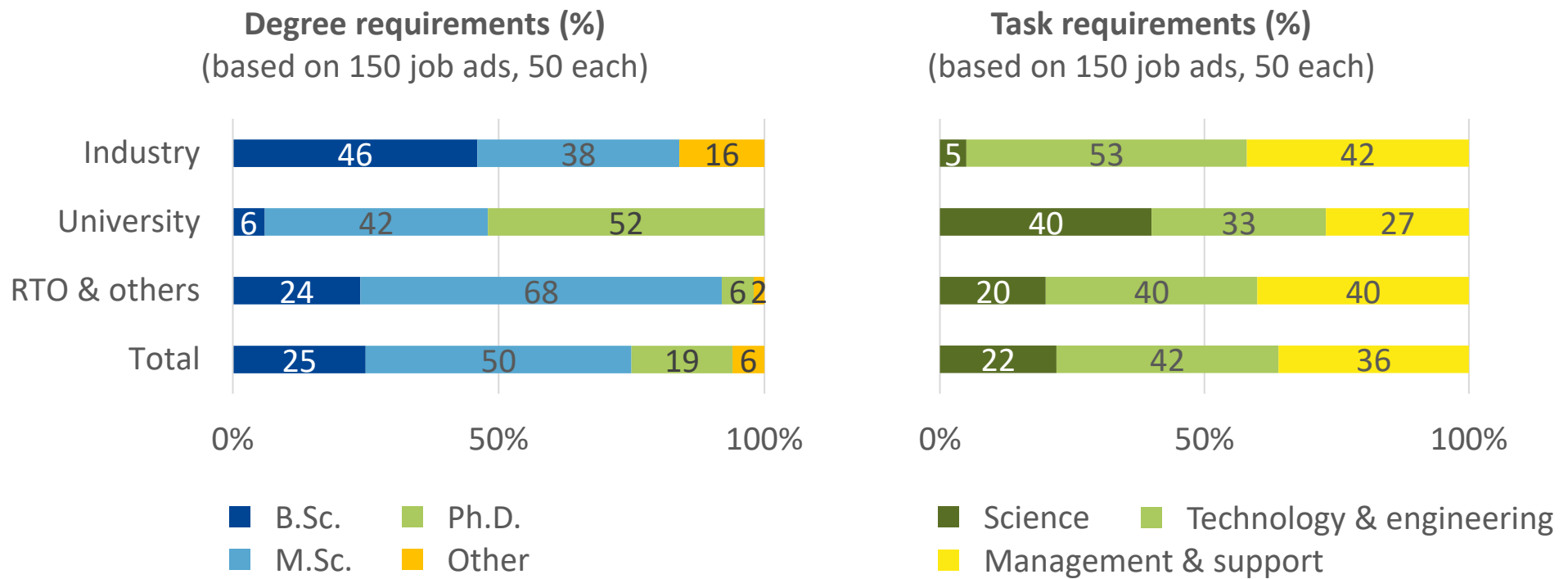
Young graduates must undertake a professional training to become operational
(industry survey, total = 35)



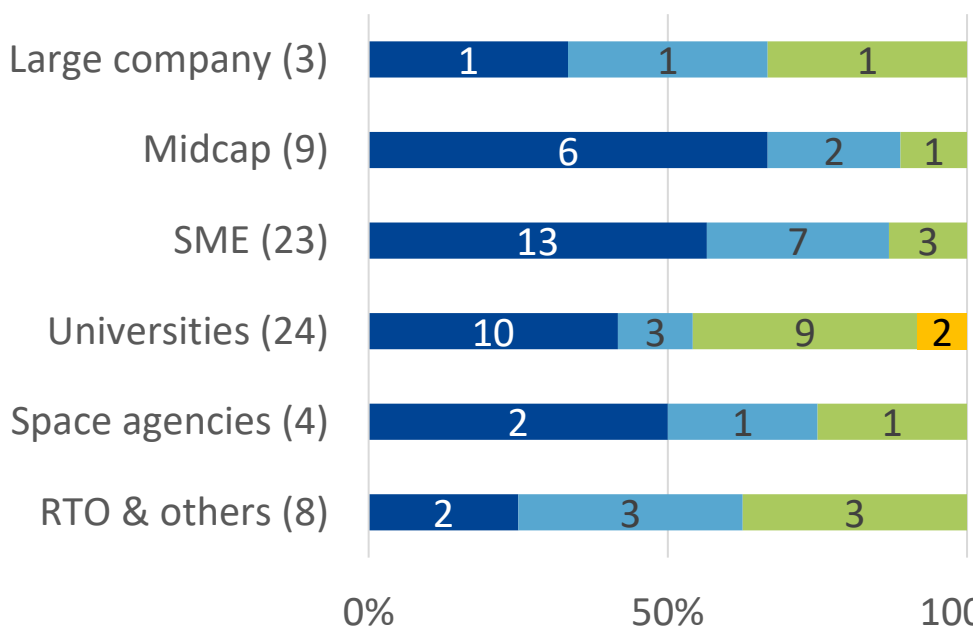
■ fully agree ■ somewhat agree ■ no opinion ■ somewhat disagree ■ fully disagree

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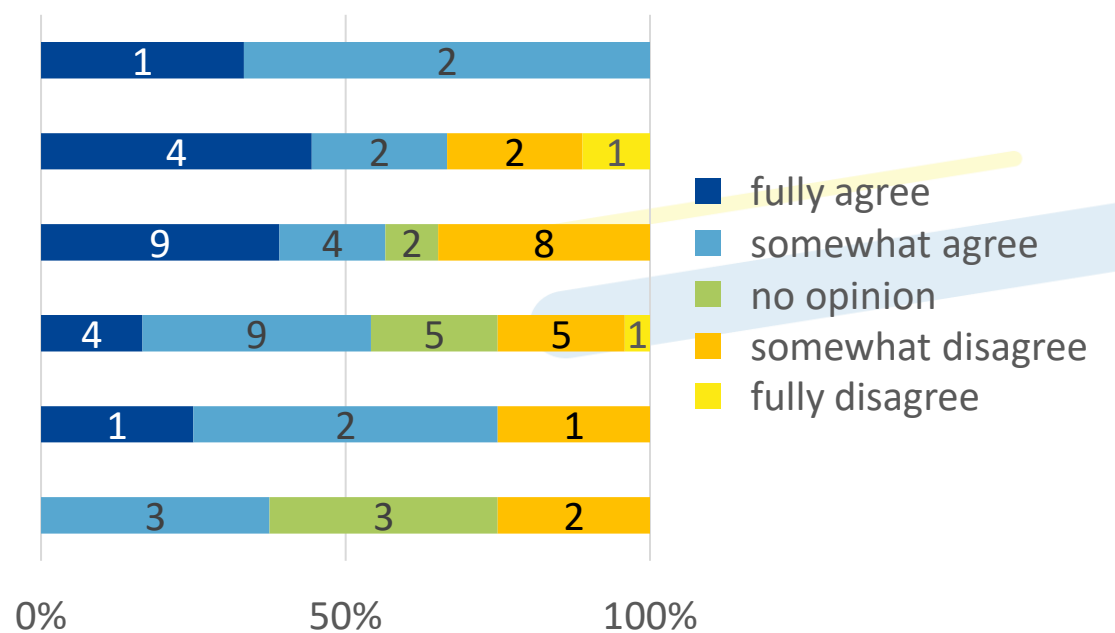
Degree & task requirements vary between organisations. Universities predominantly require Ph.D. degrees. Research institutions & industry look for M.Sc. degrees. On the one hand, science skills are important at universities. On the other, research institutions & industry, technology/engineering & management/support are more valuable. Furthermore, **soft skills are considered equally important as technical skills** by industry and the R&I community.



R&I and industry prefer young graduates with a general profile rather than specialists
(R&I and industry survey)

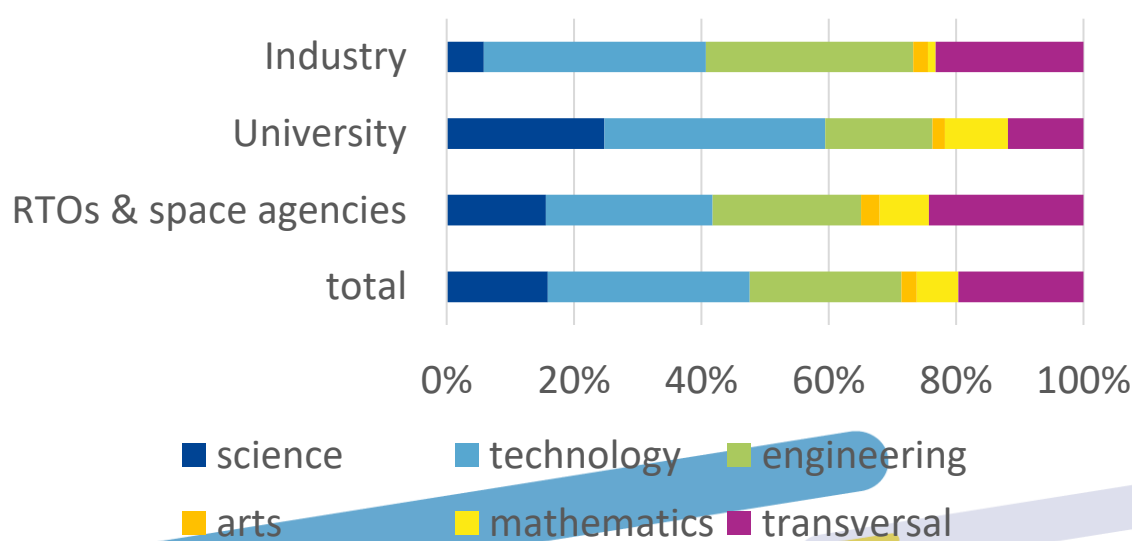


R&I and industry consider soft skills as equally important as technical skills
(R&I and industry survey)

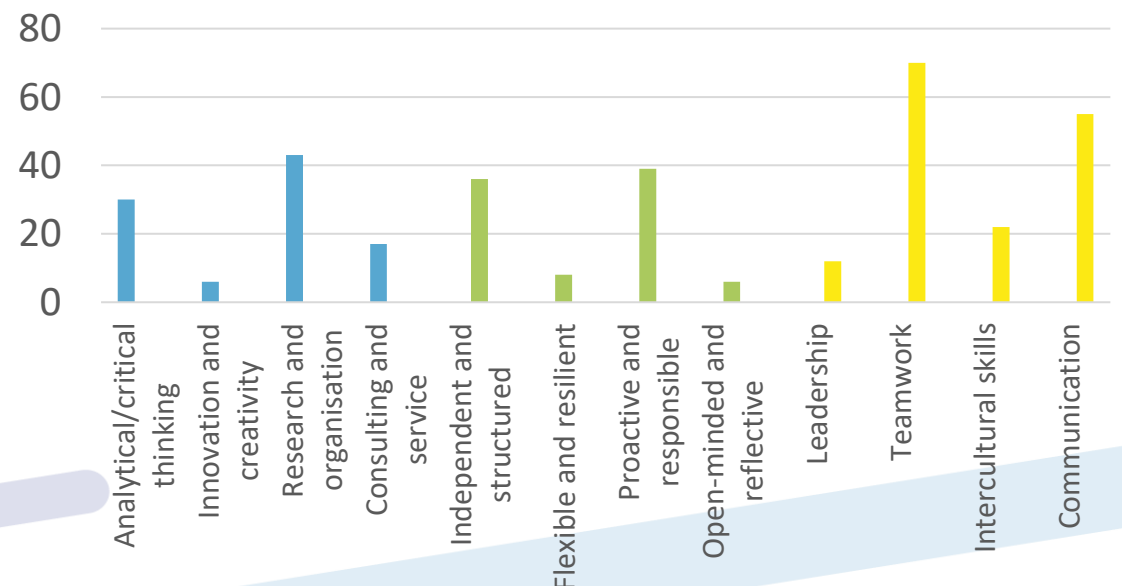


Job ad analyses suggest that the most frequently required **hard skills** are **technology** (32%) and **engineering** (24%). Among the **soft skills**, **teamwork** and **communication** skills are in high demand, along with an **independent, proactive** and **responsible** way of working.

Required hard skills depending on organisation
(Total = 605)

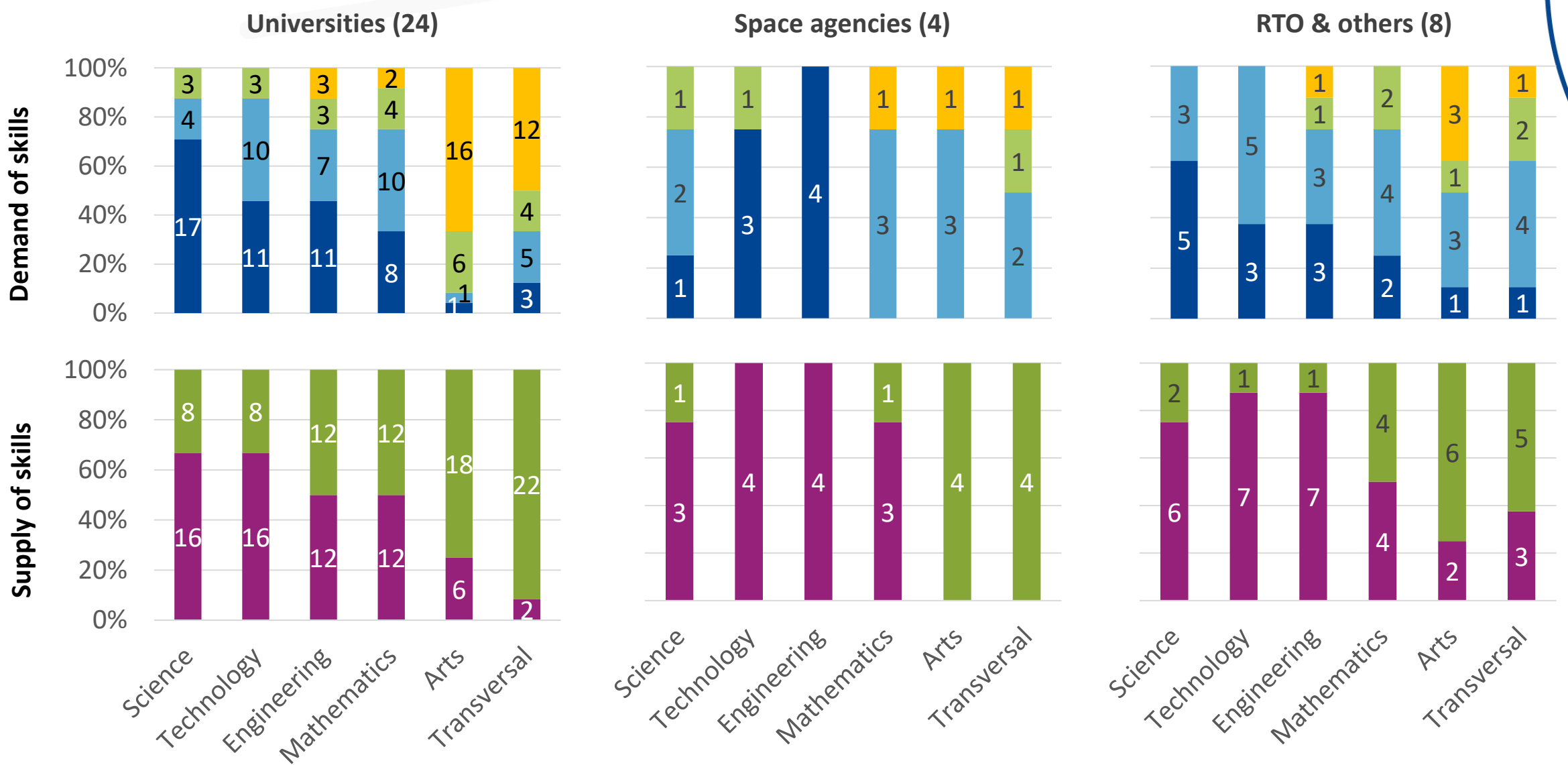


Most frequently mentioned soft skills
(Total = 344)

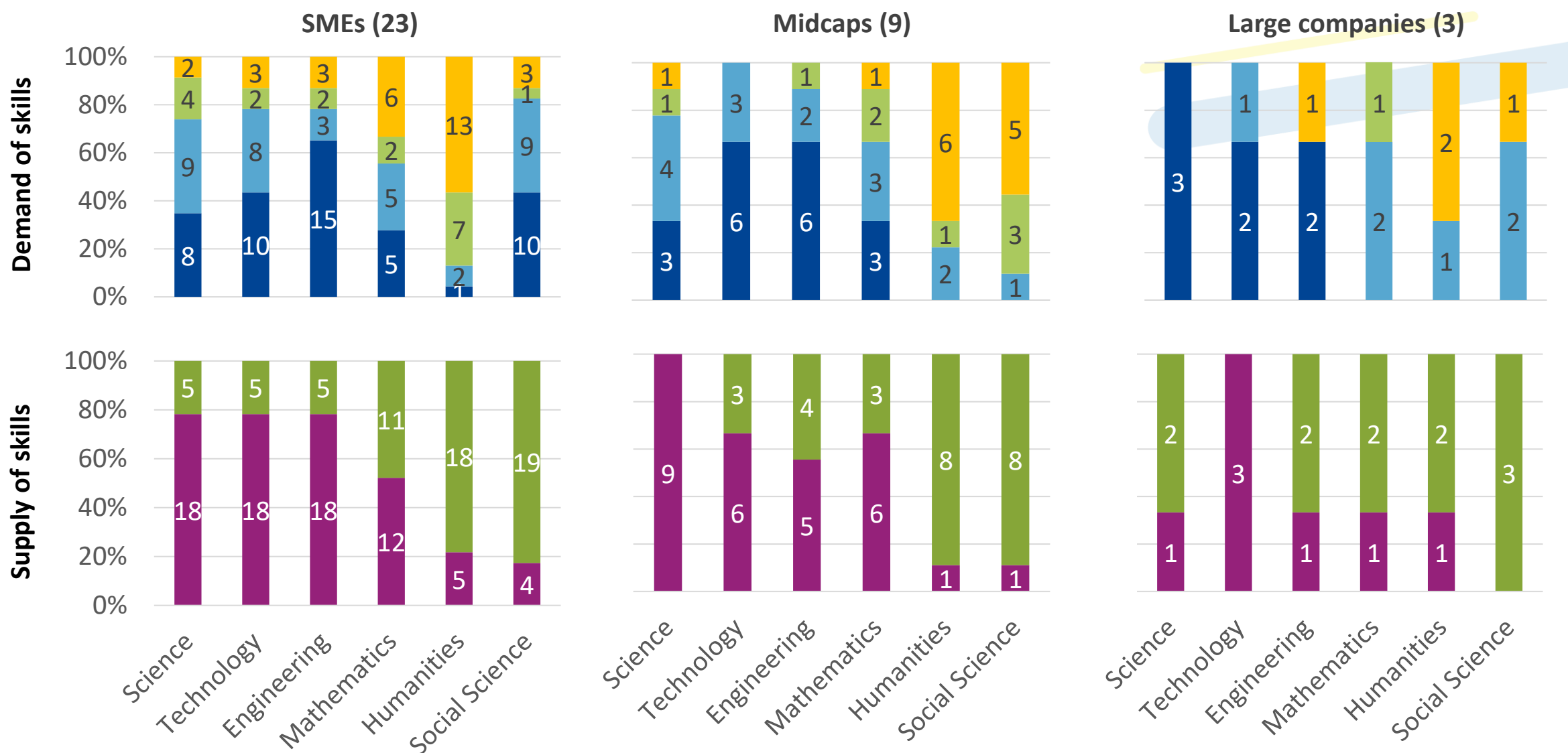


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The most sought-after skills in the R&I community are **science, technology & engineering**. These skills are **hard to source** on the job market (R&I community survey, 36 answers).



The results are similar for the space industry. The most sought-after skills **science, technology & engineering** are **hard to source** on the job market (industry survey, 35 answers).



Skills are considered...

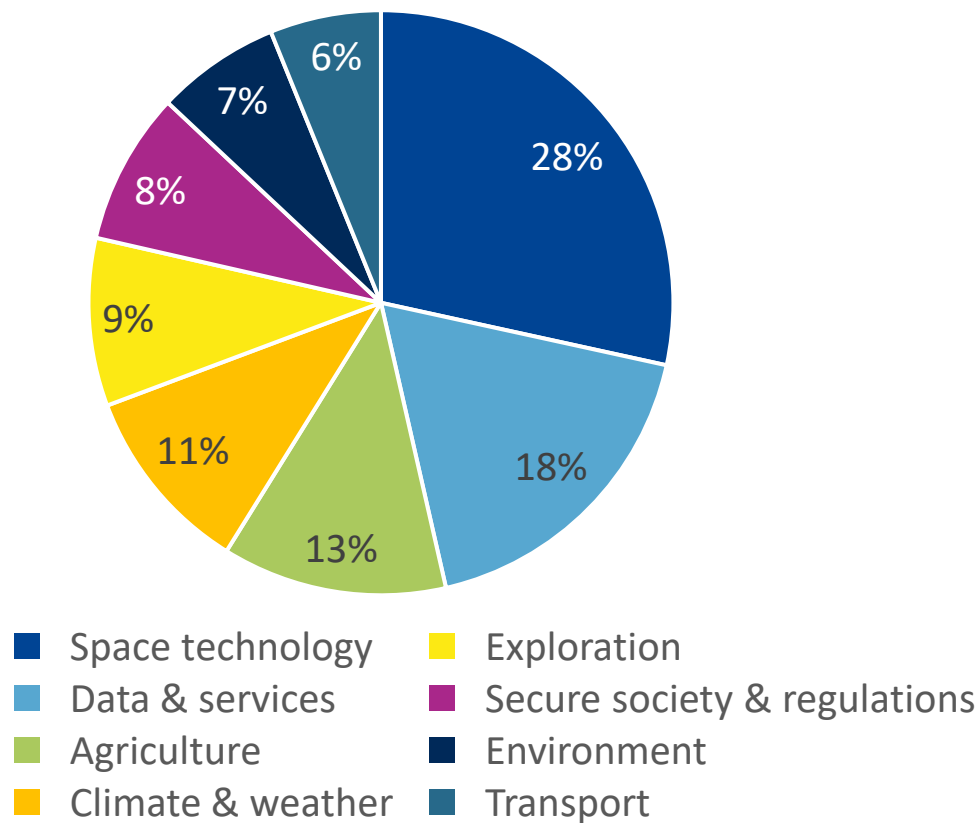
- Essential for the company
- Essential for specific projects/positions
- A nice to have for the company
- A nice to have for specific projects/positions

Skills are...

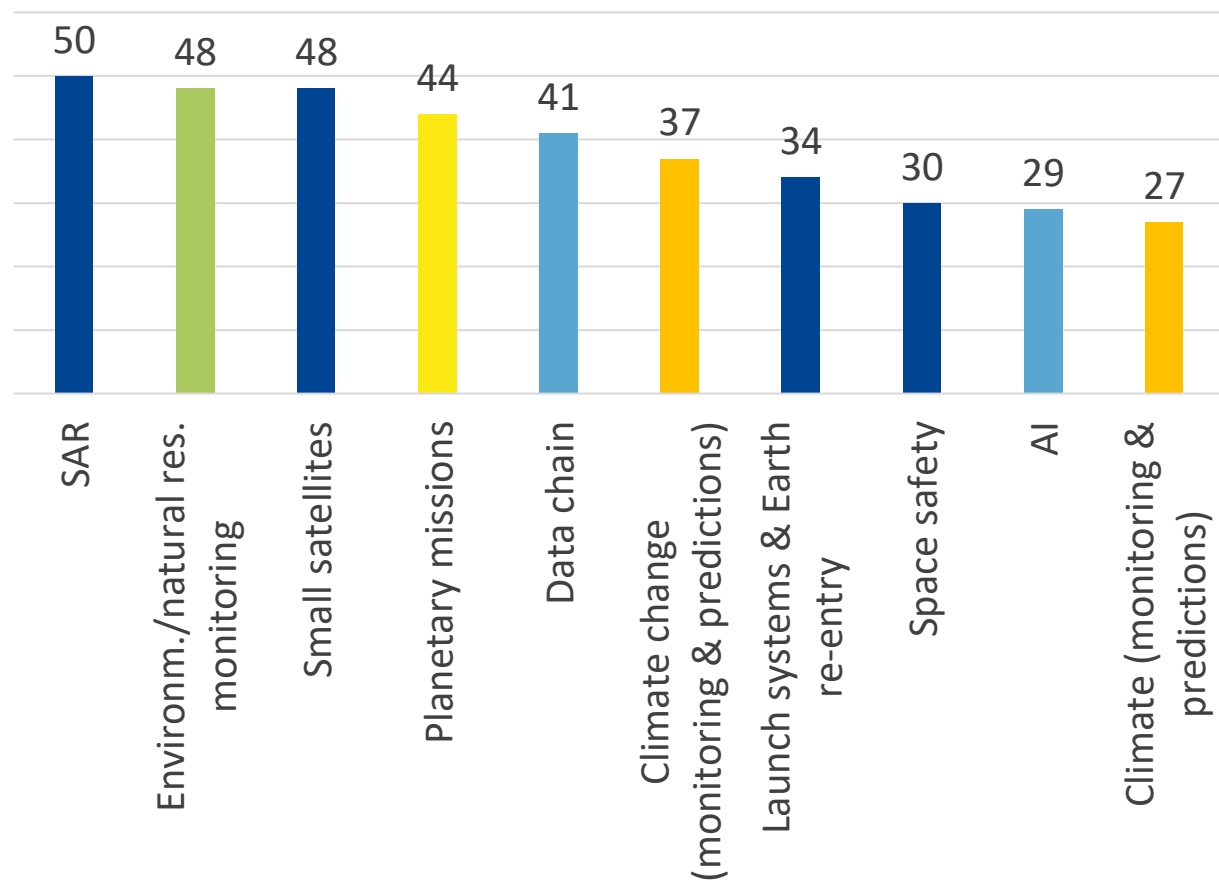
- Readily available
- Hard to source

Eight key areas in space R&I were identified. The most important R&I area is **space technologies**, with **data & services** ranked second. The **ten most important R&I fields of activities** within the eight key areas are shown below.

Distribution of the identified key areas in R&I
(Total = 700)

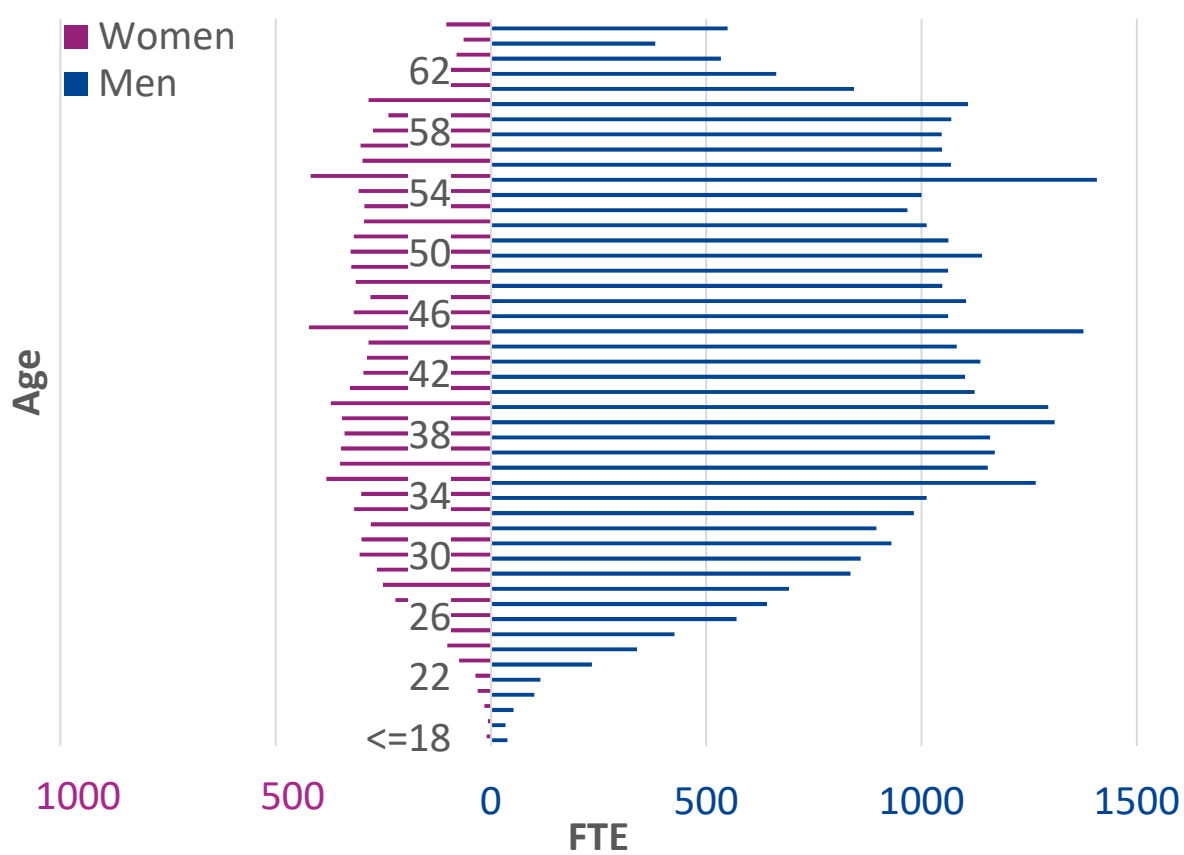


Top 10 of current & expected R&I fields of activity
(Total = 700; Total Top 10 = 388)



Gender equality: Although the number of women working in space is increasing, it is still dominated by men. European space industry employees are **mostly male (75%)**. However, job ad analyses suggest that most employers consider **gender equality** to be **important**.

Space industry employees age pyramid



Gender equality mentioned in job ads

